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determined by CCC, may be adjusted upward by the amount of production corresponding to the amount of the contract payment received.

- (e) Producers must provide documentation of any salvage value received by or made available for the quantity of the crop or commodity that cannot be marketed or sold in any market, as determined by CCC and any value received by or made available for a secondary use of the crop or commodity.
- (f) Producers requesting payment under this part must maintain records which substantiate gross revenue for the tax year preceding the crop year for which coverage is requested.
- (g) Producers requesting a waiver of service fees as a limited resource producer must maintain records which substantiate annual gross income for the two tax years preceding the crop year for which coverage is requested.

§1437.8 Unit division.

Except as determined by CCC, a unit shall be all acreage of the eligible crop in the administrative county operated by the same producer(s). In cases where the owners of land are also producers, units shall be further divided based on ownership interest of the land.

§1437.9 Causes of loss.

- (a) To be eligible for benefits under this part, crops must be damaged or prevented from being planted by drought, flood or other natural disasters and conditions related thereto. Not all named perils are eligible causes of loss for all crops. Eligible causes of loss include:
- (1) Damaging weather occurring prior to or during harvest, including but not limited to drought, hail, excessive moisture, freeze, tornado, hurricane, excessive wind, or any combination thereof;
- (2) Adverse natural occurrence occurring prior to or during harvest, such as earthquake, flood, or volcanic eruption; and
- (3) A related condition, including but not limited to heat, insect infestation, or disease, which occurs as a result of an adverse natural occurrence or damaging weather occurring prior to or during harvest, that directly causes,

accelerates, or exacerbates the destruction or deterioration of an eligible crop, as determined by the Secretary.

- (b) Ineligible causes of loss include but are not limited to:
- (1) Factors or circumstances that are not the result of an eligible cause of loss affecting specific crop or commodity;
- (2) The negligence or malfeasance of the producer;
- (3) The failure of the producer to reseed to the same crop in those areas and under such circumstances where it is customary to reseed;
- (4) Failure of the producer to follow good farming practices, as determined by CCC;
- (5) Water contained or released by any governmental, public, or private dam or reservoir project, if an easement exists on the acreage affected for the containment or release of the water;
- (6) Failure or breakdown of irrigation equipment or facilities; or
- (7) Except for tree crops and perennials, inadequate irrigation resources at the beginning of the crop year;
- (8) A loss of inventory (or yield as applicable) of aquiculture (including ornamental fish), floriculture or ornamental nursery stemming from drought or any failure to provide water, soil, or growing media to such crop for any reason;
- (9) Any failure to provide a controlled environment or exercise good nursery practices where such controlled environment or practices are a condition of eligibility under this part.

§ 1437.10 Notice of loss and application for payment.

- (a) At least one producer having a share in the unit must provide a notice of loss to CCC in the administrative FSA office for the unit, within:
- (1) For prevented planting claims, 15 calendar days after the final planting date.
- (2) For low yield claims and allowable value loss, the earlier of:
- (i) 15 calendar days after the damaging weather or adverse natural occurrence, or date loss of the crop or commodity becomes apparent for low yield claims; and